ANIMAL BLOOD PRESERVED BY BACTERIAL COMPETITION AND ITS USE IN PIG FEEDING Labie Ch.°, Tournut J.°, Morgan P.°°

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In this test it has been studied the possibility to replace in pig feeding soja oil-cake by liquid animal blood in total proteine equivalent.

The bovine blood used is gathered in the abattoir on sodium citrate and immediately mixed with a suspension of Lactobacillus plantarum, Streptococcus lactis, Streptococcus faecalis and Streptococcus faecium (Product ABC Special Blood R.P. Soules & Cie). The preparation is preserved in containers at ambient temperature.

FEEDING PLAN

FEEDING FLAN			
FEED RAW MATERIALS	TEST	CONTROL	
Silgge of wet corn's grain at 34 % of humidity	161,40 kg	154 kg	
Lacteous serum at 56- 58 g/l of dry matter	1.012,56 1.	784 1.	
Nitrogenous concentrate (+ minerals and vitamins)	0	65 kg (50 kg soja oil- (cake 48 % (15 kg mineral com- pound, vitaminized + lysine + methionine	
Porciphos Corn (mineral concentrate + vitamins)	_14,78 _{-,} kg		
Feed Blood	77,83 1.	0	

ZOOTECHNICAL RESULTS

	TEST WITH FEED-BLOOD	CONTROL	
Number of pigs	201	3.500	
Total alive weight	19.015,38 kg	364.000 kg	
Hot carcass medium weight	77,64 kg	82,16 kg	
Hot carcass produce	82,13 %	79 %	
Growth period	100 days	112 days	
Medium daily take weight	687 gr.	616 gr.	
Coefficient of transfor- mation	2,99	3,35	

Zootechnical results are favourable to feed-blood. The meat qualities are better.
The economic profit is high.